CLAIMS

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- A method of visualizing a large still picture on a display having a size smaller than the large still picture, said method comprising the steps of:
- 5 dividing the large still picture into a set of pieces, said pieces having a size substantially equal to the display size,
 - ranking the pieces of the large still picture according to a predetermined scanning order, and
 - encoding the set of pieces using a predictive block-based compression technique according to said predetermined scanning order so as to obtain a video sequence.
 - A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the pieces of the large still picture overlap each other and wherein the dividing and ranking steps are based on a traveling shot adapted to cover at least a part of the large still picture.
 - A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising a step of detecting contours within the large still picture.
- 4 A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the dividing and ranking steps are 20 based on a continuous scanning of the contours detected by the step of detecting contours.
 - A method as claimed in any one of claims 1, further comprising a step of zooming a part of the large still picture.
- A device for visualizing a large still picture on a display having a size smaller than the large still picture, said device comprising:
 - means for dividing the large still picture into a set of pieces, said pieces having a size substantially equal to the display size,
 - means for ranking the pieces of the large still picture according to a predetermined scanning order, and
 - an encoder for encoding the set of pieces using a predictive block-based compression technique according to said predetermined scanning order so as to obtain a video sequence.

- A mobile apparatus comprising a display and the device as claimed in claim 6 for visualizing the large still picture on the display.
- 8 A computer program product comprising program instructions for
- 5 implementing, when said program is executed by a processor, a method as claimed in claim 1.